| STOCK |  |  |  |  |  |  | INDEX | PERFORMANCE |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Index | Week | YTD | 12-mo. | 2005 | 5-yr. |  |  |  |  |
| DOW JONES 30 (11961) | $0.93 \%$ | $13.62 \%$ | $19.85 \%$ | $1.72 \%$ | $7.40 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| S\&P 500 (1366) | $1.20 \%$ | $11.02 \%$ | $18.26 \%$ | $4.91 \%$ | $6.42 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| NASDAQ 100 (1727) | $2.51 \%$ | $5.33 \%$ | $13.11 \%$ | $1.90 \%$ | $4.66 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| S\&P Citigroup Growth | $0.83 \%$ | $7.11 \%$ | $13.04 \%$ | $4.01 \%$ | $3.97 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| S\&P Citigroup Value | $1.57 \%$ | $15.13 \%$ | $23.79 \%$ | $5.85 \%$ | $8.78 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| S\&P 400 Citigroup Growth | $2.73 \%$ | $3.91 \%$ | $15.53 \%$ | $13.58 \%$ | $10.13 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| S\&P 400 Citigroup Value | $2.70 \%$ | $10.85 \%$ | $20.86 \%$ | $11.58 \%$ | $15.34 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| S\&P 600 Citigroup Growth | $2.82 \%$ | $7.27 \%$ | $15.98 \%$ | $9.27 \%$ | $13.41 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| S\&P 600 Citigroup Value | $3.23 \%$ | $15.99 \%$ | $23.75 \%$ | $6.26 \%$ | $16.08 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| MSCI EAFE | $0.80 \%$ | $16.67 \%$ | $26.12 \%$ | $14.13 \%$ | $14.33 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| MSCI World (ex US) | $0.81 \%$ | $16.14 \%$ | $25.74 \%$ | $15.06 \%$ | $14.62 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| MSCI World | $1.05 \%$ | $13.32 \%$ | $21.89 \%$ | $10.08 \%$ | $9.99 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| MSCI Emerging Markets | $2.56 \%$ | $16.16 \%$ | $32.30 \%$ | $10.08 \%$ | $27.88 \%$ |  |  |  |  |

Source: Bloomberg. Returns are total returns. The 5-yr. return is an average annual.
One-week, YTD, 12-mo. and 5-yr. performance returns calculated through 10/13/06.

| S\&P SECTOR PERFORMANCE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Index | Week | YTD | 12-mo. | 2005 | 5-yr. |
| Consumer Discretionary | 2.01\% | 12.68\% | 19.05\% | -6.37\% | 6.95\% |
| Consumer Staples | -0.12\% | 10.16\% | 13.98\% | 3.58\% | 6.34\% |
| Energy | 2.04\% | 12.56\% | 16.29\% | 31.37\% | 16.03\% |
| Financials | 0.83\% | 13.97\% | 26.64\% | 6.50\% | 10.30\% |
| Health Care | -0.47\% | 5.83\% | 9.75\% | 6.46\% | 1.24\% |
| Industrials | 0.81\% | 10.72\% | 18.86\% | 2.32\% | 7.51\% |
| Information Technology | 2.71\% | 6.44\% | 12.62\% | 0.99\% | 2.86\% |
| Materials | 2.48\% | 10.30\% | 28.65\% | 4.69\% | 12.74\% |
| Telecom Services | 2.35\% | 29.36\% | 37.25\% | -5.34\% | -1.01\% |
| Utilities | 1.09\% | 12.72\% | 17.16\% | 16.83\% | 5.36\% |

Source: Bloomberg. Returns are total returns. The 5-yr. return is an average annual. One-week, YTD, 12-mo. and 5-yr. performance returns calculated through 10/13/06.

| BOND INDEX |  |  |  |  | PERFORMANCE |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Index | Week | YTD | 12-mo. | 2005 | 5-yr. |
| U.S. Treasury: Intermediate | $-0.31 \%$ | $2.26 \%$ | $3.17 \%$ | $1.56 \%$ | $3.37 \%$ |
| GNMA 30 Year | $-0.28 \%$ | $2.69 \%$ | $4.16 \%$ | $3.28 \%$ | $4.36 \%$ |
| U.S. Aggregate | $-0.39 \%$ | $2.47 \%$ | $3.62 \%$ | $2.43 \%$ | $4.66 \%$ |
| U.S. Corporate High Yield | $0.26 \%$ | $7.93 \%$ | $10.26 \%$ | $2.74 \%$ | $10.36 \%$ |
| U.S. Corporate Inv. Grade | $-0.49 \%$ | $2.09 \%$ | $3.39 \%$ | $1.68 \%$ | $5.53 \%$ |
| Municipal Bond: 22 years + | $-0.26 \%$ | $4.49 \%$ | $6.12 \%$ | $7.06 \%$ | $6.49 \%$ |
| Global Aggregate | $-0.76 \%$ | $3.20 \%$ | $3.23 \%$ | $-4.49 \%$ | $6.70 \%$ |

Source: Lehman Bros. Returns include reinvested interest. The 5-yrreturn is an average annual. One-week, YTD, 12-mo. and 5-yr. performance returns calculated through 10/13/06.

|  | KEY RATES |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | As of $10 / 13$ |  |  |
| Fed Funds | $5.25 \%$ | 5-YR CD | $4.81 \%$ |
| LIBOR (1-month) | $5.32 \%$ | 2-YR Note | $4.86 \%$ |
| CPI - Headline | $3.80 \%$ | 5-YR Note | $4.76 \%$ |
| CPI - Core | $2.80 \%$ | 10-YR Note | $4.80 \%$ |
| Money Market Accts. | $3.46 \%$ | 30-YR T-Bond | $4.93 \%$ |
| Money Market Funds | $4.72 \%$ | 30-YR Mortgage | $6.29 \%$ |
| 6-mo. CD | $4.64 \%$ | Prime Rate | $8.25 \%$ |
| 1-YR CD | $4.89 \%$ | Bond Buyer 40 | $4.74 \%$ |


| WEEKLY FUND FLOWS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week of 10/11 | Previous |
| Equity Funds <br> Including ETF activity, Non-domestic funds repo | \$5.9 B <br> mestic funds reportin ting net inflows of \$9 | -\$581 M <br> inflows of \$4.947B and |
| Bond Funds | \$494 M | \$2.3 B |
| Municipal Bond Funds | \$222 M | \$338 M |
| Money Markets | \$17.032 B | \$24.937 B |

Source: AMG Data Services

## FACTOIDS FOR THE WEEK OF OCTOBER $9^{\text {TН }}-13^{\text {тн }}$

Monday, October 9, 2006 - Private Equity Firms
U.S. private equity firms took in $\$ 172.2$ billion in the first nine months of 2006, already surpassing the $\$ 162.5$ billion raised throughout all of 2005, and on pace to top the previous record of $\$ 177.9$ billion set in 2000, according to the Private Equity Analyst. On a worldwide basis, 436 new funds have raised $\$ 300$ billion this year, according to industry tracker Private Equity Intelligence.

Tuesday, October 10, 2006 - Semiconductor Sales
The Semiconductor Industry Association (SIA) reported that worldwide semiconductor sales totaled $\$ 20.5$ billion in August, up 10.5\% from August 2005, and an all-time monthly high. VLSI Research estimates that capacity utilization will remain at $95 \%$ for the remainder of 2006. North American semiconductor equipment manufacturers reported orders totaling $\$ 1.73$ billion in August (threemonth average basis), which is the highest billings level since March 2001.

## Wednesday, October 11, 2006 - Speculative-Grade Default Rate

The U.S. speculative-grade default rate fell from $2.1 \%$ in August to 1.9\% in September, according to Moody's. The rate was $2.4 \%$ in September 2005. The global speculative-grade default rate fell from $1.6 \%$ in August to $1.5 \%$ in September, the fourth lowest level since 1985. Moody's expects the default rate to rise to $2.6 \%$ by the end of September 2007. That is still well below the $5.0 \%$ historical average. The default rate on senior loans hit an 18-month low of 1.18\% in September, according to Standard \& Poor's LCD.

## Thursday, October 12, 2006 - China's Economy

Despite China's efforts to temper growth its economy is on pace to expand 10.5\% in 2006, up from 10.2\% in 2005, according to BusinessWeek. Estimates at the start of this year called for 9.0\% growth. GDP growth in China has not been this robust since 1995. The government was hoping to cool growth down to the 7.0\% or $7.5 \%$ level to minimize the chance of it overheating. The People's Bank of China has raised its benchmark lending rate twice in 2006 to $6.12 \%$, the first increases since 2004, and may need to raise it again in the fourth quarter.
Friday, October 13, 2006 - Capitol Hill Gridlock vs. Harmony
According to InvestmentNews.com, CFApubs.org claims that equity returns tend to be higher when harmony exists between Republicans and Democrats serving in the White House and on Capitol Hill. From 1949-2004, the report estimates that political gridlock existed about $66 \%$ of the time, as measured in months, compared with a harmonious climate the remaining $34 \%$ of the time. The stock market generated an average return of $21.86 \%$ during those periods characterized as harmonious, vs. an average gain of only $6.36 \%$ during periods of gridlock. The average duration for periods of gridlock and harmony were 80 months and 49 months, respectively.

Sources: Bankrate.com, iMoneyNet.com and Bloomberg

