

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**



MACRO	
U.S. GDP	3
U.S. Labor Market	4
Consumer Confidence	5
Credit Card Balances	6
ISM Manufacturing	7
The CFO Survey: Optimism Indexes	8
Inflation	9
M2 Money Supply	10
U.S. Federal Funds Target Rate	11
10-Yr. U.S. Treasury Yield	12
2-Yr. vs. 10-Yr. U.S. Treasury Yield Spread	13
U.S. Dollar Index	14
Commodities: Gold and Oil	15
S&P 500 Index	16

MARKETS	
Size and Style Indices: Total Returns	17
S&P 500 Sector Index: Total Returns	18
Foreign Indices: Total Returns	19
S&P 500 Index: Price-to-Next Twelve Months Est. EPS	20
S&P 500 Index: Price-to-Book Value	21
S&P 500 Index EPS	22
S&P 500 Index: The Largest 5 Names	23
S&P 500 Sector Index Valuation and Est. EPS Growth	24
The Importance of Sector Diversification	25
The Importance of Style Diversification	26
MSCI Europe Index: Price-to-Next Twelve Months Est. EPS	27
MSCI Europe Index: Price-to-Book Relative to the S&P 500 Index	28
International Valuation and Est. EPS Growth	29

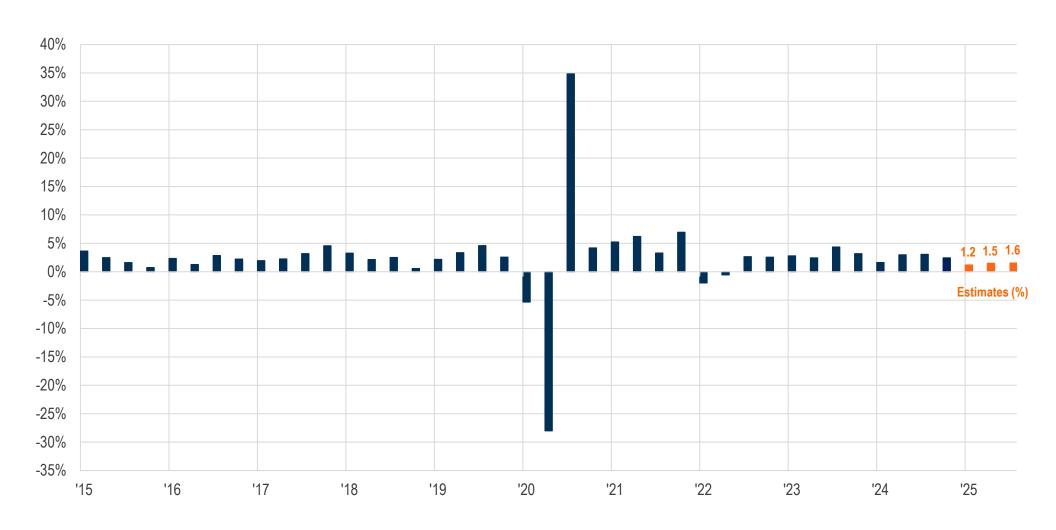
FACTORS	
Factor Returns vs. S&P 500 EW Index: Last 12 Months	30
Factor Returns vs. S&P 500 EW Index: Last 12 Months	31
Factor Returns	32
Factors and Economic Cycles	33
Factor Valuations: Forward Price-to- Earnings Ratio	34
Factor EPS Growth Rates	35

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# U.S. GDP: QUARTER-OVER-QUARTER CHANGE (SAAR)



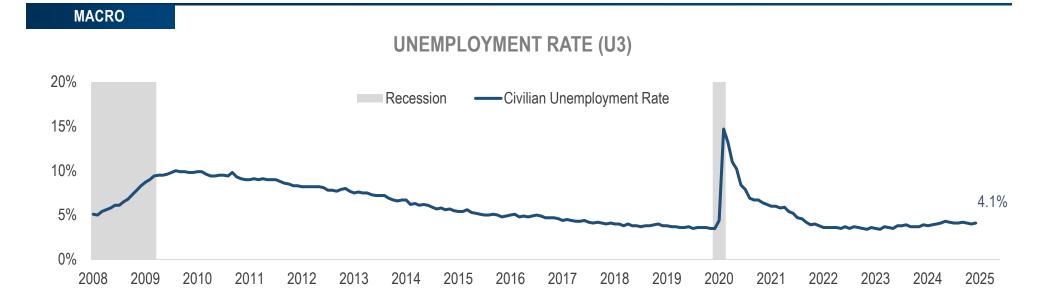
### **MACRO**



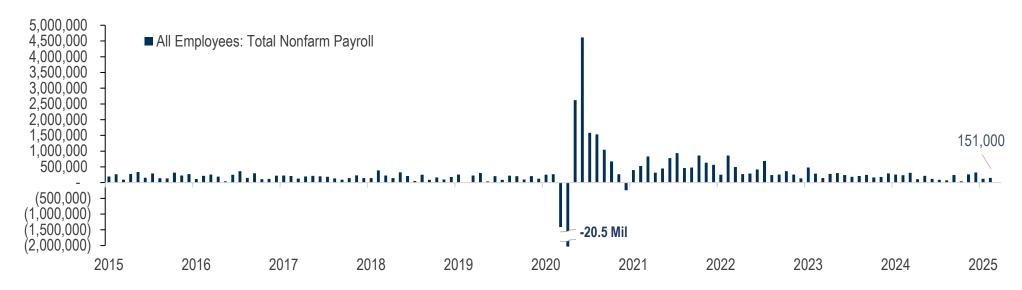
Source: First Trust, Haver Analytics (historical), Bloomberg (consensus estimates). Quarters in orange are consensus estimates. GDP percent change is on a quarter over quarter seasonally adjusted annual rate (SAAR) basis. There can be no assurance that any of the projections cited will occur. Gross domestic product (GDP) is the monetary value of all finished goods and services made within a country during a specific period.

## **U.S. LABOR MARKET**





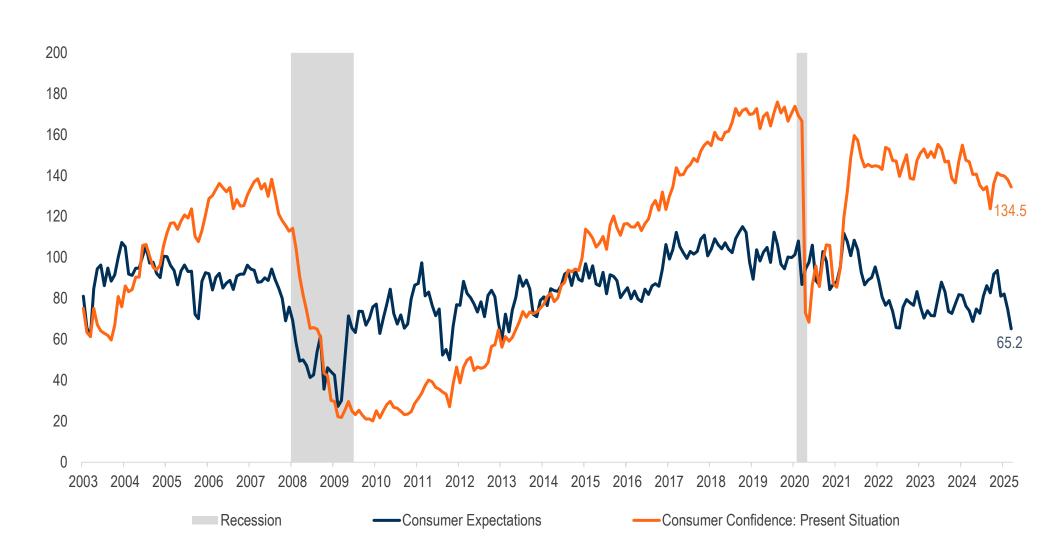
## CHANGE IN TOTAL NONFARM PAYROLLS



Source: First Trust, Haver Analytics. Unemployment data from March 2008 – February 2025 (latest data available). Unemployment Rate: 16+ years, seasonally adjusted. Payroll data from January 2015 - February 2025 (latest data available). Seasonally adjusted. April 2020 uses a broken axis since it has an extreme value.



### **MACRO**

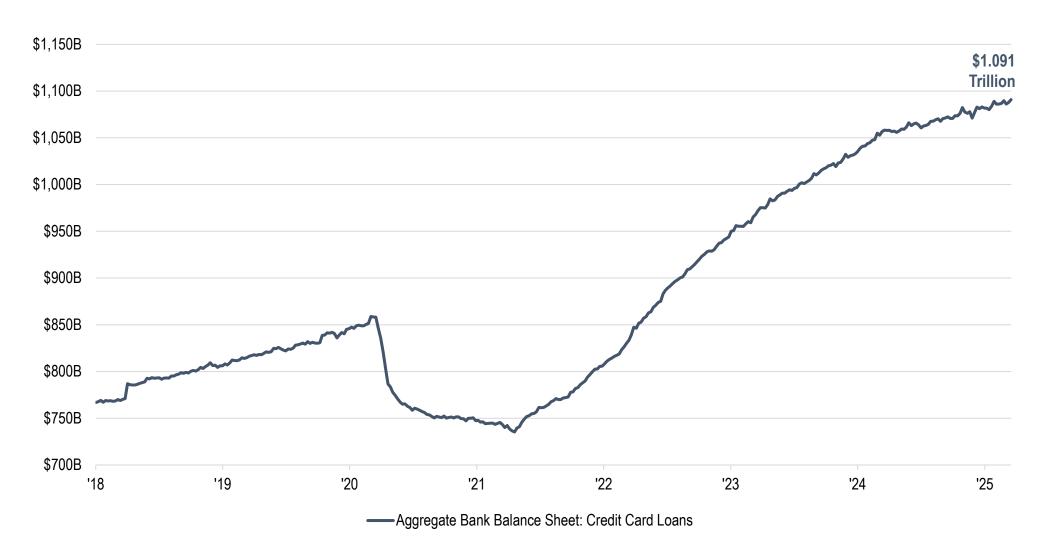


Source: First Trust, The Conference Board/Haver Analytics. Data from January 2003 - March 2025. The Consumer Confidence Index is a survey, administered by The Conference Board, that measures how optimistic or pessimistic consumers are regarding their expected financial situation. The Consumer Confidence Index started in 1967 and is benchmarked to 1985 = 100.

# **CREDIT CARD BALANCES**



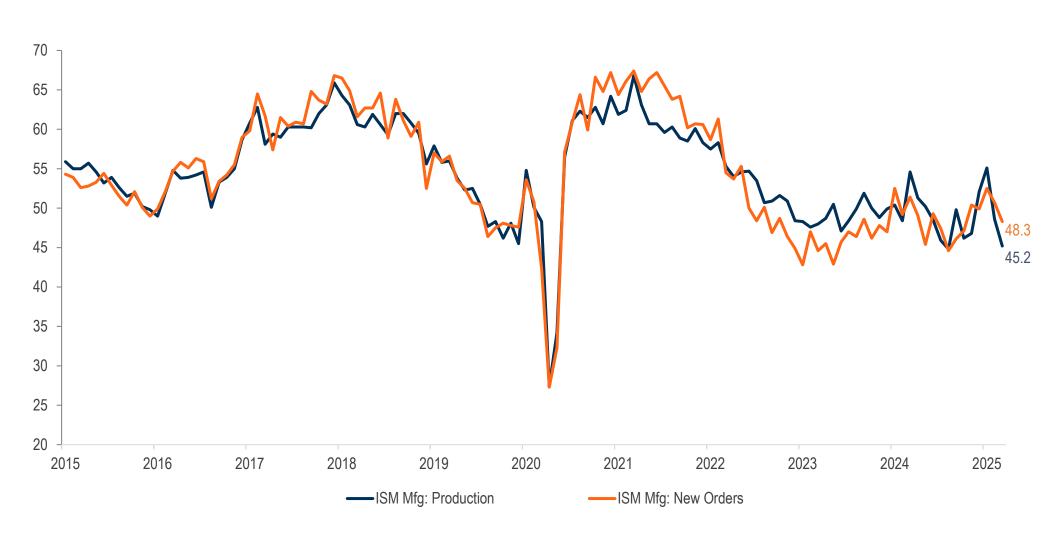
## **MACRO**



Source: First Trust, Federal Reserve Economic Data (FRED). Weekly data from 1/3/2018 to 3/19/2025 (latest data available). Billions of U.S. dollars, seasonally adjusted. Includes consumer loans: credit cards and other revolving plans, all commercial banks.



**MACRO** 

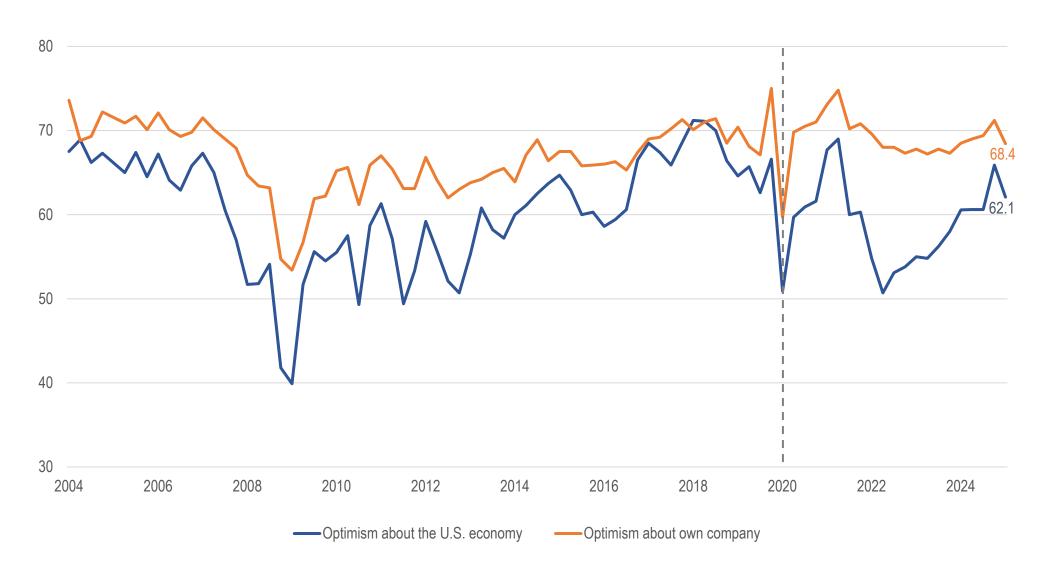


Source: First Trust, Haver Analytics. Data from January 2015 – March 2025. ISM Manufacturing Index measures manufacturing activity based on a monthly survey, conducted by Institute for Supply Management (ISM), of purchasing managers at more than 300 manufacturing firms. An index reading of more than 50 indicates expansion while a reading of below 50 suggests a contraction of the manufacturing sector.

# THE CFO SURVEY: OPTIMISM INDEXES



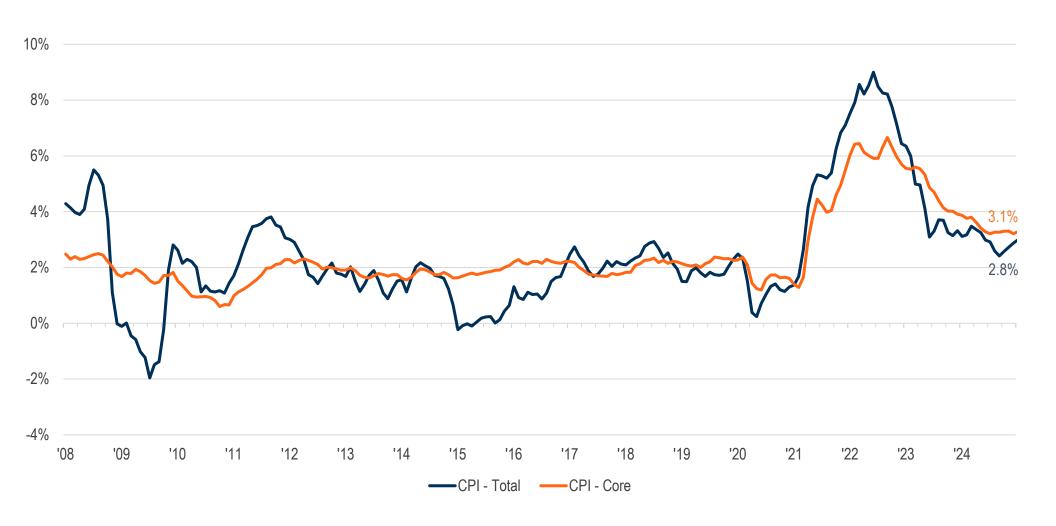
## **MACRO**



Source: First Trust, Duke University, FRB Atlanta and FRB Richmond, The CFO Survey. March 2004 – March 2025.



## **MACRO**

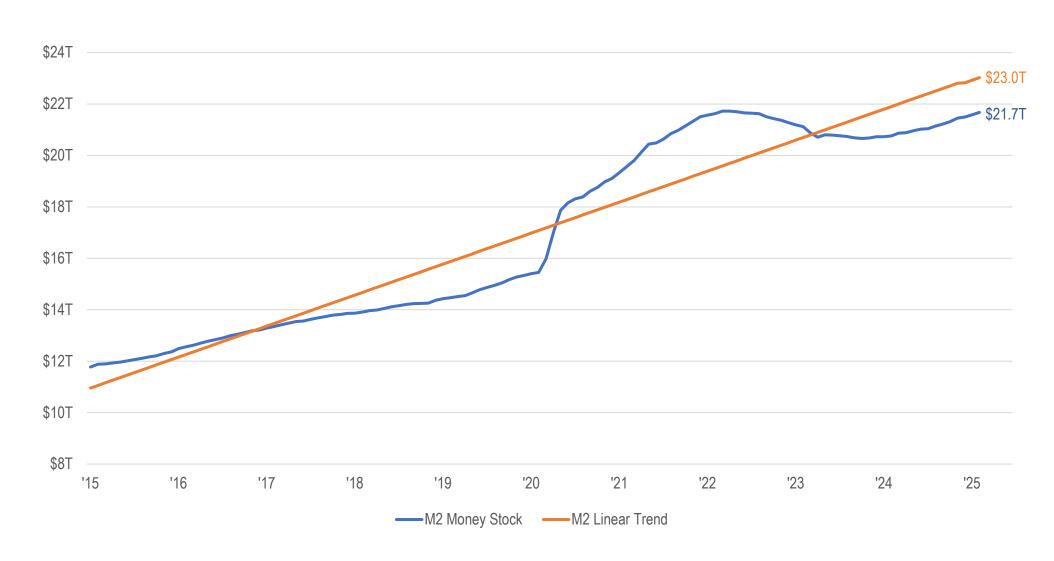


Source: First Trust, FactSet. Data from January 2008 - February 2025 (latest data available), year-over-year. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. Core CPI is CPI minus energy and food prices (categories that tend to be highly volatile).

# **M2 MONEY SUPPLY**



## **MACRO**

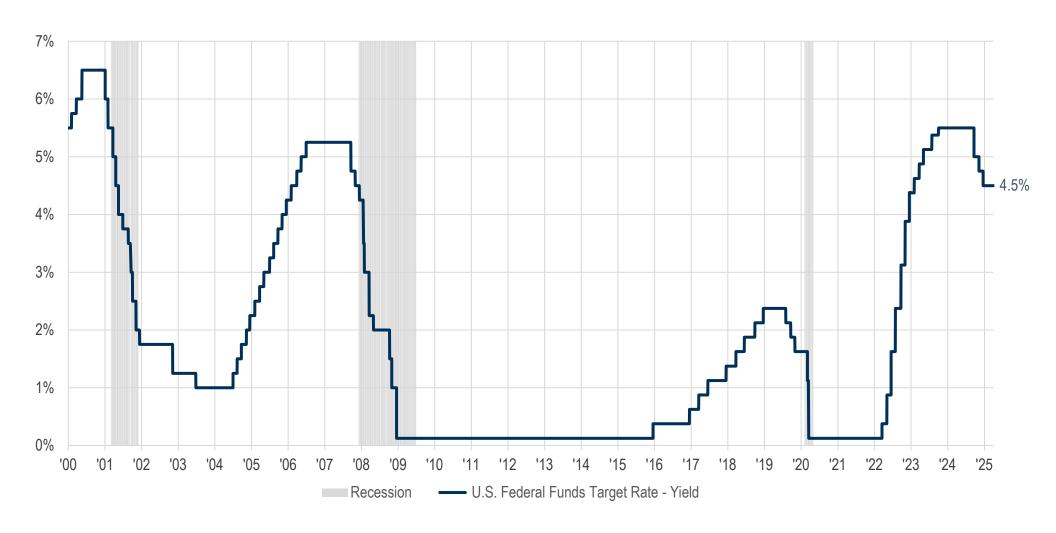


Source: First Trust, Federal Reserve Board/Haver Analytics, January 2015 – February 2025 (latest data available).

# **U.S. FEDERAL FUNDS TARGET RATE**



### **MACRO**

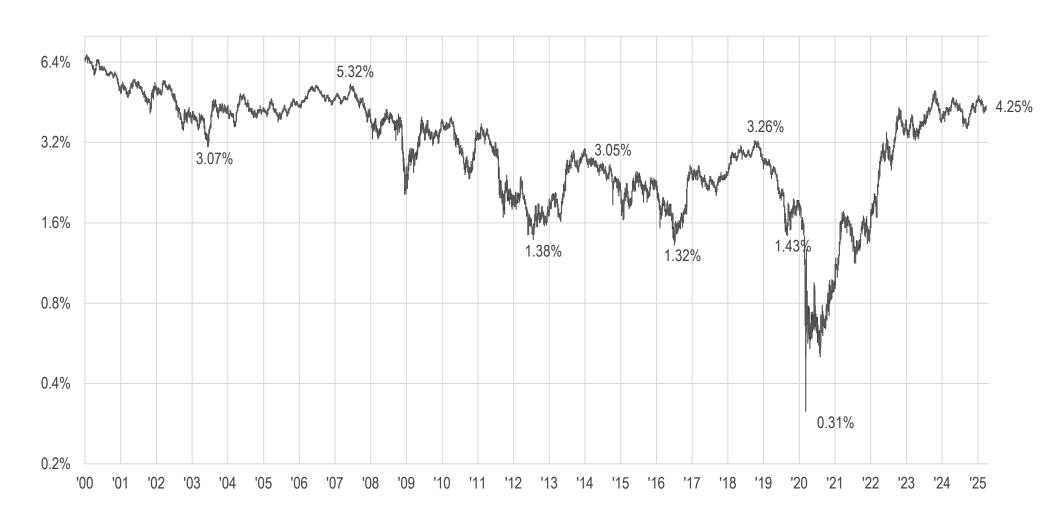


Source: First Trust, FactSet. Data from 12/31/1999 to 3/31/2025.

# 10-YEAR U.S. TREASURY YIELD



### **MACRO**

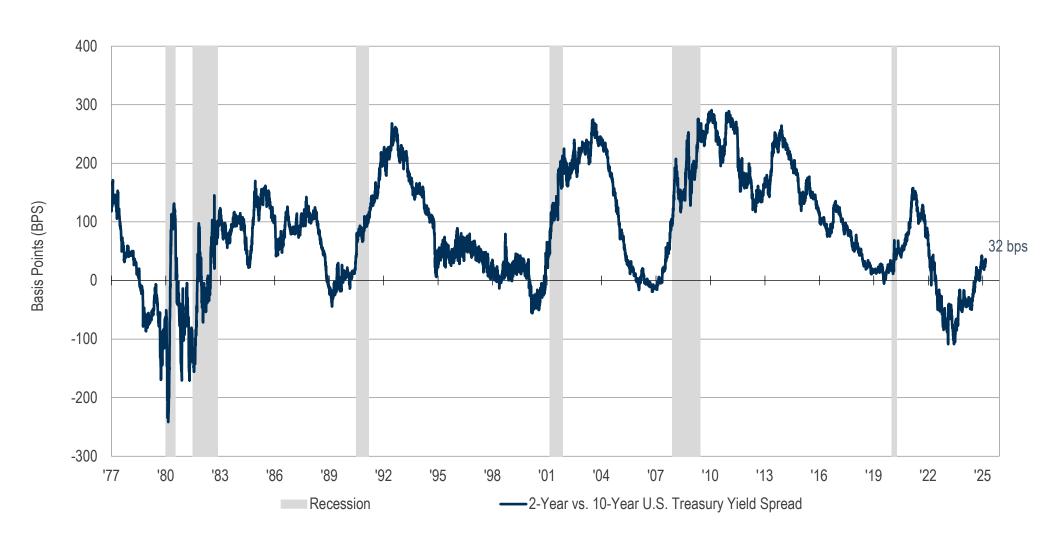


### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, Bloomberg. Weekly data from January 2000 - March 2025.



### **MACRO**



### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, Bloomberg. Data from January 1979 - March 2025.

# **U.S. DOLLAR INDEX**



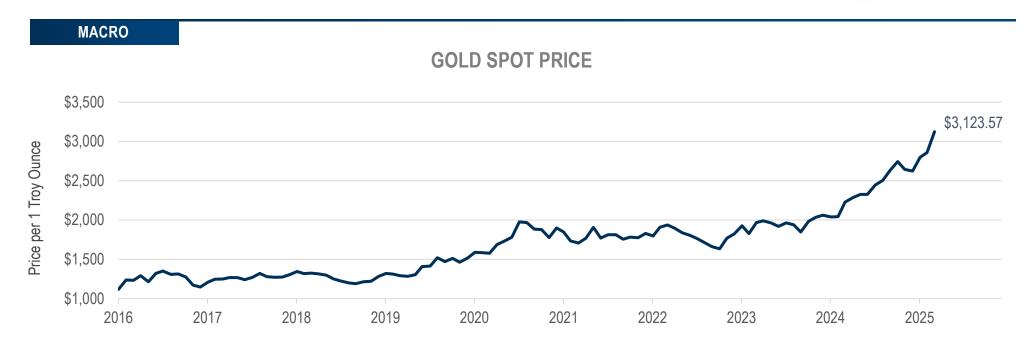
### **MACRO**



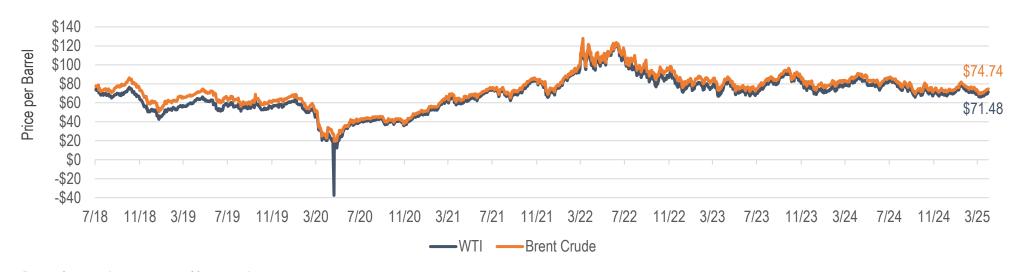
### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, Bloomberg. Weekly data from January 2014 - March 2025. This chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. The U.S. Dollar Index (DXY) indicates the general international value of the dollar relative to a basket of major world currencies. Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot invest directly in an index.





# WEST TEXAS INTERMEDIATE (WTI) VS. BRENT CRUDE OIL



#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, Bloomberg. Gold is monthly data from January 2016 - March 2025. Gold spot price is the current market price. WTI and Brent Crude oil is daily data from July 2018 - March 2025.



### **MACRO**



### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, Bloomberg. Weekly data from January 2000 - March 2025. This chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.

## SIZE AND STYLE INDICES: TOTAL RETURNS



### **MARKETS**

Index	YTD	3 Mo	6 Mo	12 Mo	3 Yr.^	5 Yr.^	10 Yr.^
S&P 500	-4.28%	-1.99%	29.25%	8.23%	9.04%	18.57%	12.49%
S&P 500 Growth	-8.48%	-2.85%	33.50%	10.41%	7.72%	18.68%	13.98%
S&P 500 Value	0.29%	-2.40%	22.70%	4.21%	9.30%	17.18%	10.09%
S&P Midcap 400	-6.11%	-5.80%	14.39%	-2.73%	4.38%	16.88%	8.41%
S&P Midcap 400 Growth	-8.36%	-9.10%	13.00%	-8.10%	3.57%	14.40%	8.10%
S&P Midcap 400 Value	-3.71%	-2.24%	15.77%	3.28%	5.08%	19.20%	8.38%
S&P SmallCap 600	-8.94%	-9.48%	8.22%	-3.43%	0.64%	15.02%	7.46%
S&P SmallCap 600 Growth	-7.98%	-10.40%	10.20%	-3.77%	0.91%	13.64%	7.88%
S&P SmallCap 600 Value	-9.93%	-8.65%	5.91%	-3.26%	0.18%	16.19%	6.86%
Russell 1000	-4.49%	-1.88%	28.92%	7.80%	8.63%	18.45%	12.16%
Russell 2000	-9.48%	-9.19%	9.18%	-4.02%	0.49%	13.24%	6.27%
Russell 3000	-4.73%	-2.23%	27.87%	7.20%	8.20%	18.16%	11.79%
Dow Jones Industrial Average	-0.87%	0.05%	26.21%	7.40%	8.75%	16.20%	11.43%
The Nasdaq Composite	-10.26%	-4.55%	27.17%	6.39%	7.64%	18.52%	14.58%

#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, Bloomberg. Total returns as of 3/31/2025. ^Annualized returns. For illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. Indices do not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown. Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot invest directly in an index.

Index Definitions: S&P 500 - An unmanaged index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. S&P 500 Growth - S&P measures growth stocks using three factors: sales growth, the ratio of earnings change to price, and momentum. Constituents are drawn from the S&P 500 Index. S&P MidCap 400 Index. S&P MidCap 400 Growth - S&P measures growth stocks using three factors: sales growth, the ratio of earnings change to price, and momentum. Constituents are drawn from the S&P MidCap 400 Index. S&P MidCap 400 Value - S&P measures value stocks using three factors: sales growth, the ratio of earnings change to price, and momentum. Constituents are drawn from the S&P MidCap 400 Index. S&P MidCap 400 Value - S&P measures value stocks using three factors: the ratios of book value, earnings, and sales to price. Constituents are drawn from the S&P MidCap 400 Index. S&P SmallCap 400 Index. S&P SmallCap 600 - A capitalization-weighted index that tracks U.S. stocks with a small market capitalization. S&P SmallCap 600 Growth - S&P measures growth stocks using three factors: sales growth, the ratio of earnings change to price, and momentum. Constituents are drawn from the S&P MidCap 400 Index. S&P SmallCap 600 - A capitalization-weighted index that tracks U.S. stocks with a small market capitalization. S&P SmallCap 600 Growth - S&P measures growth stocks using three factors: sales growth, the ratio of earnings change to price. Constituents are drawn from the S&P MidCap 400 Index. S&P SmallCap 600 Index. Index Ind

# **S&P 500 SECTOR INDEX: TOTAL RETURNS**



**MARKETS** 

Index	YTD	3 Mo	6 Mo	12 Mo	3 Yr.^	5 Yr.^	10 Yr.^
S&P 500 Communication Services	-6.21%	2.11%	50.41%	13.56%	11.83%	17.39%	10.31%
S&P 500 Consumer Discretionary	-13.80%	-1.52%	20.06%	6.86%	3.38%	15.62%	11.41%
S&P 500 Consumer Staples	5.23%	1.80%	19.97%	12.43%	6.85%	12.70%	8.88%
S&P 500 Energy	10.21%	7.53%	21.62%	2.49%	10.98%	31.47%	6.20%
S&P 500 Financials	3.48%	10.78%	52.19%	20.10%	11.18%	21.39%	12.00%
S&P 500 Health Care	6.54%	-4.43%	13.21%	0.40%	3.93%	12.37%	9.15%
S&P 500 Industrials	-0.19%	-2.60%	25.46%	5.50%	10.19%	19.21%	10.78%
S&P 500 Information Technology	-12.65%	-8.43%	31.91%	5.89%	13.85%	24.34%	20.63%
S&P 500 Materials	2.81%	-9.96%	7.36%	-5.67%	1.30%	16.12%	8.07%
S&P 500 Real Estate	3.58%	-4.65%	17.99%	9.60%	-1.19%	9.88%	6.06%
S&P 500 Utilities	4.94%	-0.85%	27.61%	23.87%	5.27%	10.82%	9.54%

#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, Bloomberg. Total returns as of 3/31/2025. ^Annualized returns. For illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. Indices do not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance, while the 11 major S&P 500 Sector Indices are capitalization-weighted and comprised of S&P 500 constituents representing a specific sector.

As of 9/28/18, GICS was reconstituted, and the Telecommunications Services sector was renamed Communication Services. GICS sector information for periods prior to 9/28/18 may not necessarily be comparable to the reconstituted sectors.

## **FOREIGN INDICES: TOTAL RETURNS**



**MARKETS** 

Index	YTD	3 Mo	6 Mo	12 Mo	3 Yr.^	5 Yr.^	10 Yr.^
MSCI All-Country World Ex-USA	5.24%	-2.76%	17.29%	6.09%	4.48%	10.92%	4.98%
MSCI World Ex-USA	6.20%	-1.68%	17.83%	5.30%	5.70%	12.16%	5.50%
MSCI Europe	9.93%	-1.04%	14.58%	4.41%	4.81%	10.70%	3.19%
MSCI EAFE	7.03%	-1.60%	18.54%	5.46%	6.68%	12.43%	6.00%
MSCI Emerging Markets	2.97%	-5.10%	16.63%	8.54%	1.84%	8.33%	4.09%

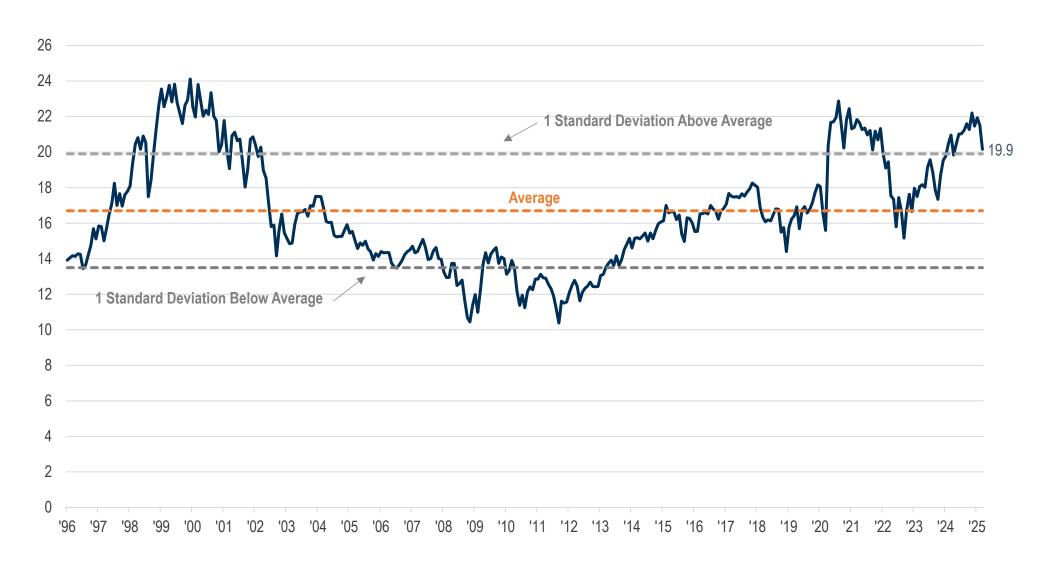
#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, Bloomberg. Total returns as of 3/31/2025. ^Annualized returns. Indices do not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown. Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot invest directly in an index. MSCI All-Country World (ACWI) Ex-USA – Captures large and mid cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries (excluding the US) and 24 Emerging Markets (EM) countries. With 2,058 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the global equity opportunity set outside the US. MSCI World Ex-USA - Captures large and mid cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries— excluding the United States. With 806 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country. MSCI Europe - A free-float weighted index designed to measure the equity market performance of the developed markets in Europe. MSCI Emerging Markets - A free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance of emerging markets.

## S&P 500 INDEX: PRICE-TO-NEXT TWELVE MONTHS EST. EPS



### **MARKETS**



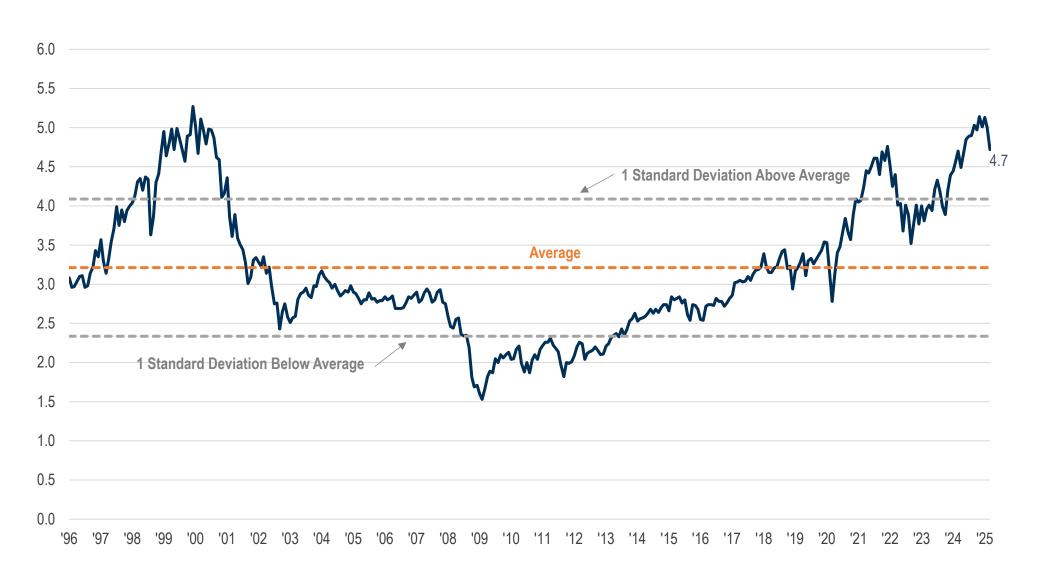
#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, FactSet. Data from 1/31/1996 to 3/31/2025. Standard Deviation is a measure of price variability (risk). There can be no assurance that any of the projections cited will occur. This chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. Price-to-Next Twelve Months earnings is price divided by FactSet consensus forecasted earnings per share over the next twelve months. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.

## **S&P 500 INDEX: PRICE-TO-BOOK VALUE**



### **MARKETS**



#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

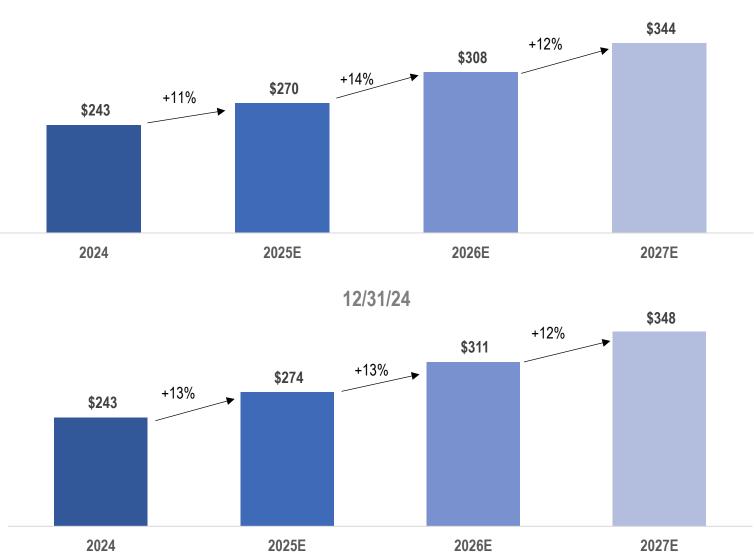
Source: First Trust, FactSet. Data from 1/31/1996 to 3/31/2025. Price-to-book ratio is the share price divided by book value of equity per share. Standard Deviation is a measure of price variability (risk).

This chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.



**MARKETS** 





Source: First Trust, FactSet. 2025-2027 numbers are consensus estimates. For illustrative purposes only. There can be no assurance that any of the projections cited will occur. Earnings per share (EPS) is a company's net profit divided by the number of common shares it has outstanding. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.

## **S&P 500 INDEX: THE LARGEST 5 NAMES**







## TOP 5 MEMBER FIRMS BY WEIGHT IN THE INDEX

Ticker	Company Name	Weight in S&P 500 Index (3/31/24)
AAPL	Apple Inc.	7.02%
MSFT	Microsoft Corp.	5.87%
NVDA	NVIDIA Corporation	5.58%
AMZN	Amazon.com, Inc.	3.77%
GOOG/GOOGL	Alphabet Inc.	3.45%

Source: First Trust, Bloomberg, FactSet. Data from 12/31/1984 to 3/31/2025. References to specific companies or securities should not be construed as a recommendation to buy or sell any such security, nor should they be assumed profitable. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.

## S&P 500 SECTOR INDEX VALUATION AND EST. EPS GROWTH



**MARKETS** 

	PRIC	CE TO NTM	EPS	EST	EPS GRO	VTH	PR	ICE-TO-BO	ОК	EST. RETURN ON EQUITY		
S&P 500 Sector Index	3/31/25	10-Yr. Median	Ratio to Median	2025	2026	2027	3/31/25	10-Yr. Median	Ratio to Median	2025	2026	
Communication Services	17.8	17.0	105%	12%	13%	14%	4.5	3.4	133%	21.3%	21.0%	
Consumer Discretionary	24.8	22.1	112%	4%	16%	15%	8.5	8.1	105%	27.8%	26.2%	
Consumer Staples	22.0	19.9	111%	2%	8%	7%	7.0	5.9	119%	28.7%	28.4%	
Energy	15.1	16.2	93%	0%	19%	10%	2.1	1.9	114%	13.5%	15.3%	
Financials	16.4	13.3	123%	7%	13%	12%	2.3	1.4	165%	13.1%	13.9%	
Health Care	17.5	16.3	107%	18%	10%	12%	5.0	4.5	112%	25.3%	24.7%	
Industrials	21.6	17.8	121%	13%	16%	15%	6.0	4.9	123%	25.1%	26.1%	
Information Technology	24.4	20.2	121%	20%	17%	9%	10.8	7.7	141%	35.4%	33.4%	
Materials	20.1	17.2	117%	7%	18%	11%	2.9	3.0	98%	13.1%	14.5%	
Real Estate	18.3	18.1	101%	1%	8%	6%	3.1	3.2	97%	16.5%	18.2%	
Utilities	17.8	17.8	100%	7%	8%	8%	2.2	2.0	110%	11.6%	11.8%	

#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, FactSet. As of 3/31/2025. This chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. There can be no assurance that any of the projections cited will occur.

The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance, while the 11 major S&P 500 Sector Indices are capitalization-weighted and comprised of S&P 500 constituents representing a specific sector. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. Indices do not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown.

Price-to-Book ratio - Share price divided by book value of equity per share. Est. Return on Equity (ROE) - Estimated return on common equity utilizing FactSet consensus estimated earnings per share in calendar year divided by equity per share. Est. EPS Growth - Expected year-over-year growth in FactSet consensus forecasted Earnings Per Share. Price to NTM EPS - Price divided by FactSet consensus forecasted earnings per share over the next twelve months.

As of 9/28/18, GICS was reconstituted, and the Telecommunications Services sector was renamed Communication Services. GICS sector information for periods prior to 9/28/18 may not necessarily be comparable to the reconstituted sectors.

## THE IMPORTANCE OF SECTOR DIVERSIFICATION



**MARKETS** 

### TOTAL RETURNS OF THE S&P 500 SECTOR INDICES

2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
36.8%	35.3%	-15.4%	61.7%	27.7%	19.9%	28.7%	43.1%	29.0%	10.1%	27.4%	38.8%	6.5%	50.3%	43.9%	54.4%	65.4%	57.8%	40.2%	<ul><li>Comm. Services</li></ul>
24.2%	22.4%	-22.8%	48.6%	26.7%	14.0%	23.9%	41.5%	25.3%	6.9%	23.5%	23.8%	4.1%	32.7%	33.3%	46.1%	1.6%	55.8%	36.6%	Info. Tech.
21.0%	19.4%	-29.0%	41.3%	22.2%	12.7%	18.3%	40.6%	20.1%	6.6%	22.7%	23.0%	0.8%	32.1%	23.6%	34.9%	-0.6%	42.3%	30.5%	Financials
19.2%	16.3%	-30.5%	20.9%	20.4%	6.3%	17.9%	35.6%	16.0%	5.9%	18.8%	22.1%	-0.3%	29.3%	20.7%	34.5%	-2.0%	18.1%	30.1%	<ul><li>Consumer Disc.</li></ul>
18.6%	14.2%	-33.5%	19.7%	19.0%	6.1%	15.3%	28.4%	15.2%	3.4%	16.7%	22.1%	-2.2%	29.0%	13.4%	27.3%	-5.5%	12.5%	23.4%	<ul><li>Utilities</li></ul>
18.2%	12.0%	-34.9%	17.2%	14.1%	4.7%	15.0%	26.1%	9.8%	-1.6%	16.3%	21.0%	-8.4%	27.9%	11.1%	26.1%	-10.6%	12.3%	17.3%	Industrials
14.4%	11.9%	-39.9%	14.9%	12.1%	2.4%	14.8%	25.6%	9.7%	-2.6%	13.8%	13.5%	-12.5%	27.6%	10.7%	24.4%	-12.3%	12.1%	14.9%	<ul><li>Consumer Staples</li></ul>
13.2%	7.1%	-43.1%	13.8%	10.2%	-0.6%	10.8%	25.0%	6.9%	-4.8%	6.0%	12.1%	-13.0%	26.3%	0.5%	21.6%	-26.2%	2.1%	5.7%	<ul><li>Energy</li></ul>
8.4%	-13.2%	-45.7%	11.9%	5.5%	-9.8%	4.6%	13.2%	3.0%	-8.4%	5.4%	10.9%	-13.3%	24.6%	-1.8%	21.1%	-28.2%	0.5%	5.2%	<ul><li>Real Estate</li></ul>
7.5%	-18.6%	-55.3%	8.9%	2.9%	-17.1%	1.3%	11.5%	-7.8%	-21.1%	-2.7%	-1.0%	-14.7%	20.8%	-2.2%	18.6%	-37.0%	-1.4%	2.6%	<ul><li>Health Care</li></ul>
<u> </u>											-1.3%	-18.1%	11.8%	-33.7%	17.7%	-39.9%	-7.1%	0.0%	<ul><li>Materials</li></ul>

#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, Bloomberg. For illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. All indices are unmanaged, statistical composites that cannot be purchased directly by investors. An index does not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown.

In addition to the risks of investing in common stocks which includes the possible loss of principal, investing in individual sectors is subject to non-diversification risk, which generally will result in greater price fluctuations than the overall market.

Prior to 2017, Real Estate was included in the Financials sector. As of 9/28/18, the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) was reconstituted, and the Telecommunications Services sector was renamed Communication Services. GICS sector information for periods prior to 9/28/18 may not necessarily be comparable to the reconstituted sectors.

## THE IMPORTANCE OF STYLE DIVERSIFICATION



**MARKETS** 

### ANNUAL RETURNS OF KEY EQUITY ASSET CLASSES

1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
36.5%	42.2%	47.7%	25.9%	15.5%	5.2%	48.5%	30.4%	16.7%	34.4%	11.2%	-28.9%	55.5%	29.1%	7.3%	20.1%	43.3%	27.1%	5.5%	31.7%	27.4%	0.0%	31.9%	34.6%	39.9%	-5.2%	30.0%	35.9%
31.8%	20.0%	43.1%	23.7%	14.0%	-9.5%	46.0%	22.2%	13.5%	26.3%	11.2%	-34.8%	34.5%	28.2%	4.7%	18.6%	39.6%	14.9%	2.3%	20.3%	25.0%	-4.1%	31.1%	33.5%	32.0%	-12.8%	22.6%	12.3%
31.1%	14.7%	28.2%	22.8%	6.2%	-11.4%	43.4%	20.2%	8.3%	23.5%	9.1%	-34.9%	32.0%	27.6%	-0.5%	18.1%	34.5%	13.3%	0.4%	17.4%	23.7%	-8.0%	28.8%	31.7%	28.3%	-14.5%	22.2%	12.3%
30.0%	5.1%	27.0%	6.1%	-9.2%	-15.9%	38.6%	18.9%	5.8%	20.8%	7.0%	-37.3%	31.8%	24.5%	-0.6%	17.7%	33.3%	12.4%	-0.7%	11.3%	22.2%	-9.0%	28.5%	7.8%	24.9%	-14.5%	18.7%	12.1%
22.5%	3.5%	12.7%	-14.2%	-11.7%	-20.9%	38.5%	17.9%	5.5%	15.7%	2.0%	-38.5%	31.6%	21.9%	-1.0%	17.3%	32.8%	7.7%	-0.8%	10.1%	15.4%	-9.3%	28.1%	4.6%	24.7%	-25.1%	18.2%	15.2%
18.9%	1.2%	7.2%	-22.1%	-12.7%	-23.6%	34.9%	15.7%	4.7%	13.3%	-1.3%	-39.2%	27.4%	15.1%	-2.9%	16.7%	32.0%	5.6%	-1.4%	9.3%	14.1%	-9.6%	25.0%	1.4%	11.3%	-25.4%	14.6%	8.1%
12.9%	-6.5%	-1.5%	-22.4%	-13.3%	-24.5%	31.8%	14.3%	4.2%	11.6%	-9.8%	-41.6%	21.2%	15.0%	-5.5%	14.6%	22.8%	4.2%	-3.1%	6.9%	9.3%	-12.9%	22.4%	-1.1%	10.4%	-26.4%	13.6%	4.3%
1.8%	-18.8%	-6.5%	-24.3%	-21.4%	-30.3%	25.7%	6.1%	4.0%	11.0%	-17.8%	-43.4%	20.6%	7.8%	-12.1%	14.6%	3.2%	-4.9%	-7.5%	1.0%	7.8%	-13.8%	22.0%	-5.9%	2.8%	- <b>29.4</b> %	11.5%	3.8%
	•	Foreig	n	Lar	ge-Cap	Growth		Large-	-Cap Valu	ie	M	id-Cap G	irowth	•	Mid-C	ap Value	. (	■ Sma	all-Cap G	rowth		Small	-Cap Valı	ıe	● R	EITs	

#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

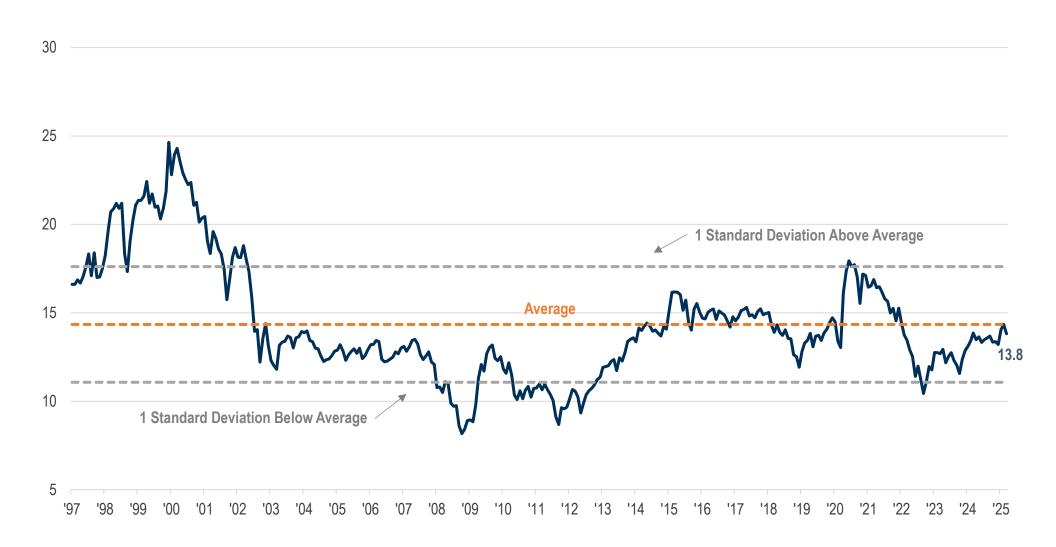
Source: First Trust, Bloomberg, NAREIT. Diversification does not guarantee a profit or protect against a loss. For illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. All indices are unmanaged, statistical composites that cannot be purchased directly by investors. An index does not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown.

The S&P 500 Growth and S&P 500 Value Indices were used to measure the performance of large-capitalization companies. The Dow Jones U.S. Mid-Cap Growth Total Stock Market Index and Dow Jones U.S. Mid-Cap Value Total Stock Market Index were used to measure the performance of mid-capitalization companies. The Russell 2000 Growth and Russell 2000 Value Indices were used to measure the performance of small-capitalization companies. The MSCI EAFE Index was used to measure the performance of foreign stocks. The NAREIT Composite Index was used to measure the performance of REITs. Small company stocks are more volatile than large company stocks and can be subject to significant price fluctuations. Foreign stocks are subject to additional risks including currency fluctuations, political risks, withholding, the lack of adequate financial information, and exchange control restrictions impacting foreign issuers.

## MSCI EUROPE INDEX: PRICE-TO-NEXT TWELVE MONTHS EST. EPS



### **MARKETS**

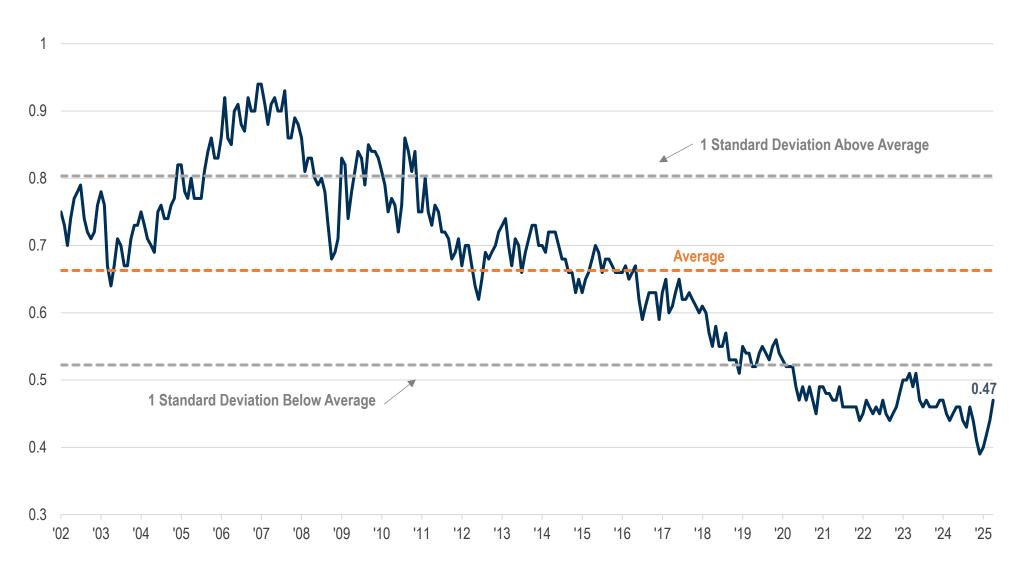


### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, FactSet. Data from 1/31/1997 to 3/31/2025. Price-to-Next Twelve Months earnings is price divided by FactSet consensus forecasted earnings per share (EPS) over the next twelve months. Standard Deviation is a measure of price variability (risk). There can be no assurance that any of the projections cited will occur. The MSCI Europe Index captures large and mid cap representation across 15 Developed Markets countries in Europe. Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot invest directly in an index.



### **MARKETS**



#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, FactSet. Data from 12/31/2001 to 3/31/2025. Price-to-book (P/B) ratio is the share price divided by book value of equity per share. Standard Deviation is a measure of price variability (risk). This chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. The MSCI Europe Index captures large and mid cap representation across 15 Developed Markets countries in Europe. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot invest directly in an index.

## INTERNATIONAL VALUATION AND EST. EPS GROWTH



**MARKETS** 

	PRIC	CE TO NTM	EPS		EST. EPS GROWTH		PR	RICE TO BO	ОК		TURN ON JITY
Index	3/31/25	10-Yr. Median	Ratio to Median	2025	2026	2027	3/31/25	10-Yr. Median	Ratio to Median	2025	2026
MSCI Europe	13.8	14.3	97%	11%	11%	10%	2.2	1.9	118%	14.0%	14.6%
MSCI Germany	14.3	12.9	111%	21%	14%	13%	1.8	1.6	112%	11.5%	12.2%
MSCI Switzerland	17.0	17.0	100%	11%	11%	9%	3.9	3.0	129%	20.2%	20.5%
MSCI United Kingdom	12.0	12.6	95%	6%	11%	8%	1.9	1.8	110%	15.0%	15.5%
MSCI Japan	13.4	14.2	94%	13%	9%	5%	1.5	1.4	105%	9.8%	10.0%
MSCI Pacific ex Japan	15.6	15.3	101%	3%	5%	7%	1.8	1.6	110%	10.8%	10.9%
MSCI Canada	15.1	14.5	104%	9%	11%	-5%	2.0	1.8	113%	13.1%	13.6%
MSCI Emerging Markets (EM)	12.1	12.1	100%	15%	13%	16%	1.9	1.7	109%	13.4%	13.8%
MSCI China	11.3	10.6	107%	8%	12%	12%	1.7	1.5	109%	12.2%	12.5%
MSCI EM Latin America	8.5	12.0	71%	42%	11%	10%	1.6	1.7	95%	17.2%	17.5%
MSCI Brazil	7.5	11.0	68%	55%	11%	10%	1.6	1.7	95%	18.5%	18.8%
MSCI India	22.2	19.4	114%	15%	15%	2%	3.7	3.4	109%	15.1%	15.7%

#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, FactSet. As of 3/31/2025. This chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. There can be no assurance that any of the projections cited will occur. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. Indices do not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown.

The above International MSCI Indices are designed to measure the performance of the large- and mid-cap segments of each region/country. **Price-to-Book ratio** - Share price divided by book value of equity per share. **Est. Return on Equity (ROE)** - Estimated return on common equity utilizing FactSet consensus estimated earnings per share in calendar year divided by equity per share. **Est. EPS Growth** - Expected year-over-year growth in FactSet consensus forecasted Earnings Per Share. **Price to NTM EPS** - Price divided by FactSet consensus forecasted earnings per share over the next twelve months.

## FACTOR RETURNS VS. S&P 500 EQUAL WEIGHT INDEX



### **FACTORS**

Value: Lowest price-to-book

Momentum: Highest 12-month price change

Quality: Highest return-on-equity Size: Lowest market capitalization Low Volatility: Lowest 1-year price variability

**Dividend Yield:** Highest dividend yield

	Apr 2024	May 2024	Jun 2024	Jul 2024	Aug 2024	Sep 2024	Oct 2024	Nov 2024	Dec 2024	Jan 2025	Feb 2025	Mar 2025	12 Month
Тор	Low Volatility -3.67%	Size 4.44%	Low Volatility -0.27%	Size 8.09%	Low Volatility 3.65%	Momentum 3.30%	Value -0.49%	Momentum 12.78%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt -6.26%	Momentum 6.27%	Low Volatility 2.21%	Low Volatility -1.00%	Low Volatility 11.79%
2	Dividend Yield -4.09%	Momentum 4.28%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt -0.45%	<b>Value</b> 8.07%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt 2.50%	Quality 2.73%	Momentum -0.60%	Size 10.54%	Low Volatility -6.32%	Quality 4.34%	Dividend Yield 0.94%	Dividend Yield -1.76%	Dividend Yield 8.29%
3	S&P 500 Equal Wgt -4.87%	Value 4.10%	Quality -0.68%	Dividend Yield 7.23%	Momentum 2.21%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt 2.34%	Dividend Yield -0.87%	Value 8.24%	Dividend Yield -6.77%	Size 3.86%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt -0.61%	Value -3.10%	Value 6.00%
4	Value -5.01%	Quality 3.32%	Momentum -0.69%	Low Volatility 5.66%	Dividend Yield 2.11%	Size 1.71%	Low Volatility -0.87%	Quality 7.57%	Quality -6.89%	Value 3.85%	Value -1.03%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt -3.38%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt 4.09%
5	Quality -5.80%	Dividend Yield 3.31%	Dividend Yield -0.99%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt 4.49%	Quality 0.91%	Dividend Yield 1.53%	Size -1.07%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt 6.42%	Value -7.50%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt 3.50%	Quality -2.57%	Size -4.91%	Momentum 3.05%
6	Size -6.05%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt 2.82%	Size -1.30%	Quality 4.37%	Value 0.80%	Low Volatility 1.39%	Quality -1.16%	Low Volatility 6.34%	Size -7.68%	Dividend Yield 2.37%	Size -4.61%	Momentum -6.18%	Size 1.18%
Bottom	Momentum -6.32%	Low Volatility 2.65%	Value -1.85%	Momentum 3.44%	Size -0.07%	Value 1.04%	S&P 500 Equal Wgt -1.63%	Dividend Yield 5.84%	Momentum -7.92%	Low Volatility 2.16%	Momentum -5.50%	Quality -6.48%	Quality -1.57%

#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, Capital IQ. As of 3/31/2025. Returns are total returns. Universe: largest 1,000 U.S. firms with \$1 million in average daily volume over the last 3 months and 12 months of trading history. Top 30% of stocks by factor are selected. Stocks are then equally weighted. These examples are for illustrative purposes and do not represent any actual investment.

The S&P 500 Index is an index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. S&P 500 Equal Weight Index (EWI) - The equal-weight version of the S&P 500 Index. The index includes the same constituents as the capitalization-weighted S&P 500, but each company in the S&P 500 EWI is allocated a fixed weight - or 0.2% of the index total at each quarterly rebalance. An index does not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown. Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot invest directly in an index.

## FACTOR RETURNS VS. S&P 500 INDEX



### **FACTORS**

Value: Lowest price-to-book

Momentum: Highest 12-month price change

**Quality:** Highest return-on-equity **Size:** Lowest market capitalization

Low Volatility: Lowest 1-year price variability

**Dividend Yield:** Highest dividend yield

	Apr 2024	May 2024	Jun 2024	Jul 2024	Aug 2024	Sep 2024	Oct 2024	Nov 2024	Dec 2024	Jan 2025	Feb 2025	Mar 2025	12 Month
Тор	Low Volatility -3.67%	S&P 500 4.96%	S&P 500 3.59%	Size 8.09%	Low Volatility 3.65%	Momentum 3.30%	Value -0.49%	Momentum 12.78%	S&P 500 -2.38%	Momentum 6.27%	Low Volatility 2.21%	Low Volatility -1.00%	Low Volatility 11.79%
2	S&P 500 -4.08%	Size 4.44%	Low Volatility -0.27%	Value 8.07%	S&P 500 2.43%	Quality 2.73%	Momentum -0.60%	Size 10.54%	Low Volatility -6.32%	Quality 4.34%	Dividend Yield 0.94%	Dividend Yield -1.76%	Dividend Yield 8.29%
3	Dividend Yield -4.09%	Momentum 4.28%	Quality -0.68%	Dividend Yield 7.23%	Momentum 2.21%	S&P 500 2.14%	Dividend Yield -0.87%	Value 8.24%	Dividend Yield -6.77%	Size 3.86%	Value -1.03%	Value -3.10%	S&P 500 8.25%
4	Value -5.01%	Value 4.10%	Momentum -0.69%	Low Volatility 5.66%	Dividend Yield 2.11%	Size 1.71%	Low Volatility -0.87%	Quality 7.57%	Quality -6.89%	Value 3.85%	S&P 500 -1.30%	Size -4.91%	<b>Value</b> 6.00%
5	Quality -5.80%	Quality 3.32%	Dividend Yield -0.99%	Quality 4.37%	Quality 0.91%	Dividend Yield 1.53%	S&P 500 -0.91%	Low Volatility 6.34%	Value -7.50%	S&P 500 2.78%	Quality -2.57%	S&P 500 -5.63%	Momentum 3.05%
6	Size -6.05%	Dividend Yield 3.31%	Size -1.30%	Momentum 3.44%	Value 0.80%	Low Volatility 1.39%	Size -1.07%	S&P 500 5.87%	Size -7.68%	Dividend Yield 2.37%	Size -4.61%	Momentum -6.18%	Size 1.18%
Bottom	Momentum -6.32%	Low Volatility 2.65%	Value -1.85%	S&P 500 1.22%	Size -0.07%	Value 1.04%	Quality -1.16%	Dividend Yield 5.84%	Momentum -7.92%	Low Volatility 2.16%	Momentum -5.50%	Quality -6.48%	Quality -1.57%

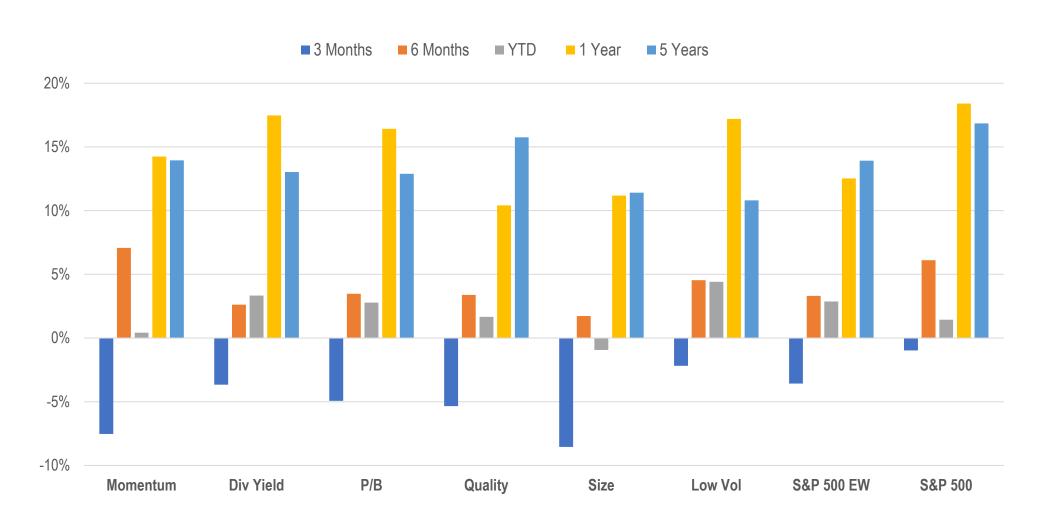
#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust, Capital IQ. As of 3/31/2025. Returns are total returns. Universe: largest 1,000 U.S. firms with \$1 million in average daily volume over the last 3 months and 12 months of trading history. Top 30% of stocks by factor are selected. Stocks are then equally weighted. These examples are for illustrative purposes and do not represent any actual investment.

The S&P 500 Index is an index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. S&P 500 Equal Weight Index (EWI) - The equal-weight version of the S&P 500 Index. The index includes the same constituents as the capitalization-weighted S&P 500, but each company in the S&P 500 EWI is allocated a fixed weight - or 0.2% of the index total at each quarterly rebalance. An index does not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown. Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot invest directly in an index.



**FACTORS** 



#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

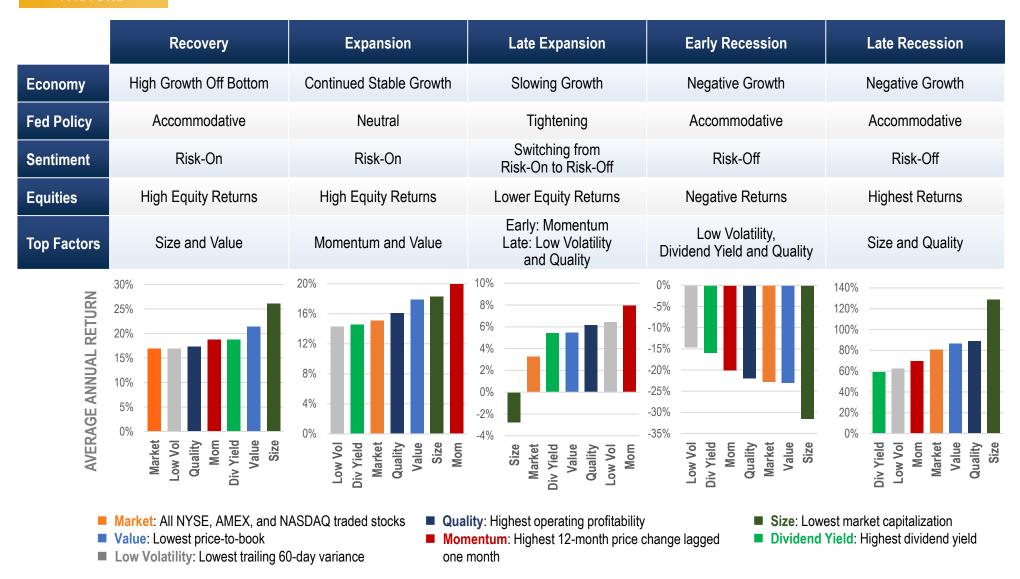
Source: First Trust, Capital IQ. As of 3/31/2025. Universe: largest 1,000 U.S. firms with \$1 million in average daily volume over the last 3 months and 12 months of trading history. Returns less than 1 year are not annualized.

Value: Lowest price-to-book. Momentum: Highest 12-month price change. Quality: Highest return-on-equity. Size: Lowest market capitalization. Low Volatility: Lowest 1-year price variability. Dividend Yield: Highest dividend yield. The S&P 500 Index is an index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. The S&P 500 Equal Weight Index (EWI) is the equal-weight version of the S&P 500 Index. The index includes the same constituents as the capitalization-weighted S&P 500, but each company in the S&P 500 EWI is allocated a fixed weight - or 0.2% of the index total at each quarterly rebalance. An index does not charge management fees or brokerage expenses, and no such fees or expenses were deducted from the performance shown. Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot invest directly in an index.

## **FACTORS AND ECONOMIC CYCLES**



### **FACTORS**

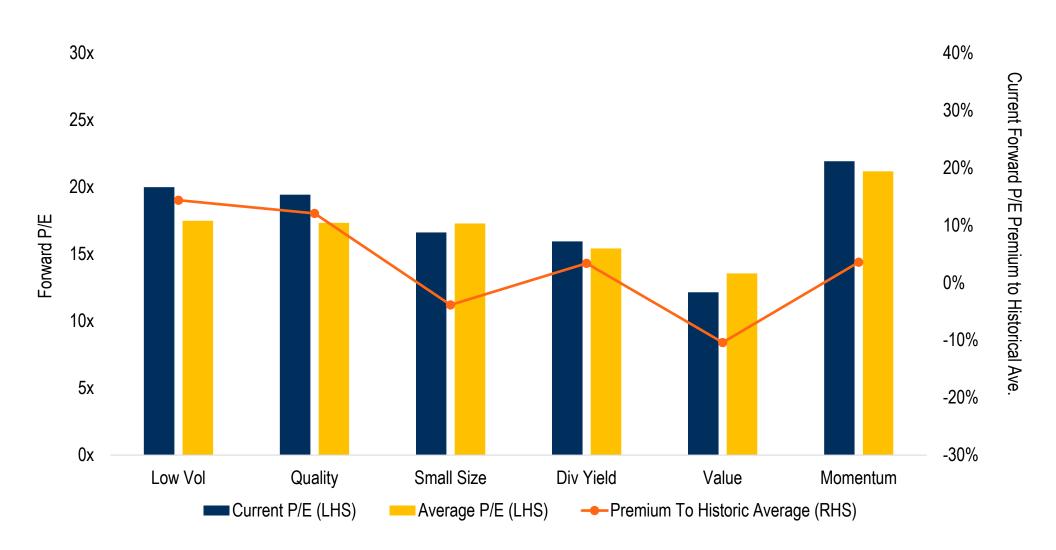


#### Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Source: First Trust. As of 3/31/2025. This example is for illustrative purposes and does not represent any actual investment. We define economic cycles as follows: Recovery – 18 months following the end of a recession. Expansion – time between recovery and late-expansion. Late expansion – last 18 months before peak economic growth. Early recession – start of a recessionary period until 3 months before it ends. Late recession – last 3 months before the economy bottoms. Business cycle dates were sourced from the National Bureau of Economic Research. Data source for performance: Kenneth R. French data library using the CRSP database, July 1963 through May 2022 (for the purposes of this analysis we ended expansion 18 months from the end of late recession). Universe includes all NYSE, AMEX & Nasdag stocks. Top 30% of stocks by factor are selected. Stocks are then market cap weighted.



**FACTORS** 

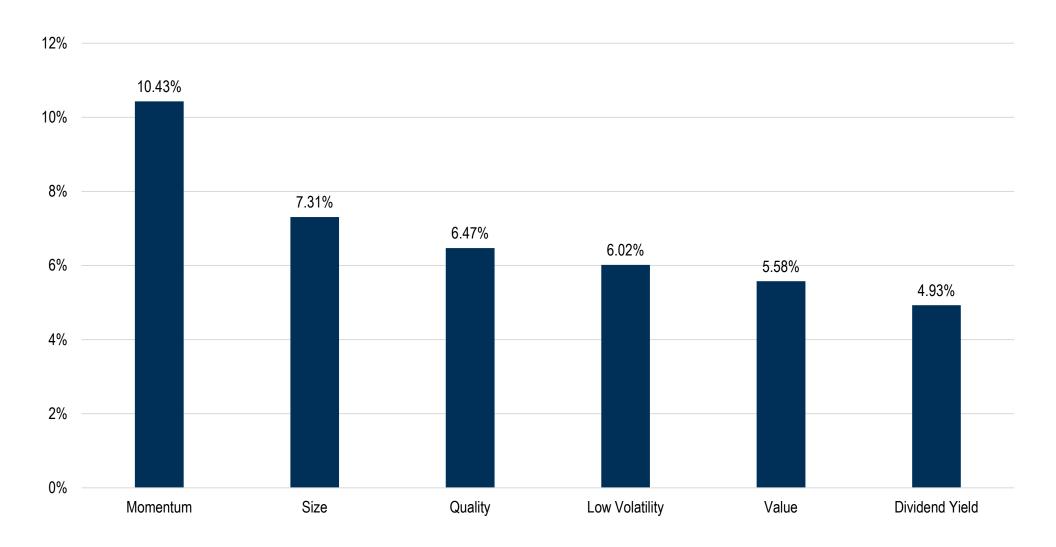


Source: First Trust, Bloomberg & Capital IQ. Monthly data is calculated from 12/31/1999 to 3/31/2025. For illustrative purposes and does not represent any actual investment. The median monthly forward price-to-earnings (P/E) ratio is used for each factor. Each factor is comprised of the top 30% of stocks from a universe of the largest 1,000 U.S. stocks with at least \$1 million dollars in average daily volume over the last 3 months and 12 months of trading history. Value: Lowest price-to-book. Momentum: Highest 12-month price change. Quality: Highest return-on-equity. Size: Lowest market capitalization. Low Volatility. Dividend Yield: Highest dividend yield.

## **FACTOR EPS GROWTH RATES**



### **FACTORS**



Source: First Trust, Bloomberg & Capital IQ. As of 3/31/2025. Chart shows median next twelve-month EPS growth for each factor group. This chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. Universe: largest 1,000 U.S. firms with \$1 million in average daily volume over the last 3 months and 12 months of trading history. Top 30% of stocks by factor are selected. Stocks are then equally weighted.

Earnings per share (EPS) is a company's net profit divided by the number of common shares it has outstanding. Growth rates are based on the next twelve months earnings estimates compared to the trailing twelve months.

Value: Lowest price-to-book. Momentum: Highest 12-month price change. Quality: Highest return-on-equity. Size: Lowest market capitalization. Low Volatility: Lowest 1-year price variability. Dividend Yield: Highest dividend yield.