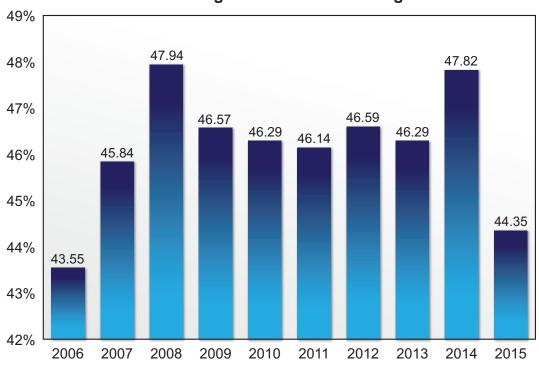
Foreign Sales Dipped For The Big Multinational Companies In 2015





Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices

View from the Observation Deck

- 1. S&P 500 Index foreign sales represent products and services produced and then sold outside of the U.S. The percentages in the chart represent companies that reported full information.
- As indicated in the chart, after plateauing for five years (2009-2013), foreign sales rebounded to nearly 48.00% (47.82%) in 2014.
- 3. In 2015, foreign sales accounted for 44.35% of global sales. Slower global economic growth and the stronger U.S. dollar were cited as reasons for the dip by S&P Dow Jones Indices.
- 4. The U.S. Dollar Index (DXY), which measures the U.S. dollar against a basket of major currencies, rose 9.26% in 2015, according to Bloomberg. A strong dollar can make U.S. goods and services less competitively priced in the global marketplace.
- 5. U.S. exports of goods and services (seasonally adjusted) fell from \$2.38 trillion in 2014 to \$2.26 trillion in 2015, or a decline of 5.04%, according to the Census Bureau and Haver Analytics.
- 6. The pace of global economic growth fell from 3.4% in 2014 to 3.1% in 2015, according to the International Monetary Fund.

This chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. The S&P 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index comprised of 500 stocks used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance.

