Market Commentary Blog

Cash Flow and Carey



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This chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. The illustration excludes the effects of taxes and brokerage commissions and other expenses incurred when investing. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. The S&P 500 Index is a capitalizationweighted index comprised of 500 stocks used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. The S&P MidCap 400 Index is a capitalizationweighted index that tracks the mid-range sector of the U.S. stock market. The S&P Small Cap 600 Index is a capitalization-weighted index that tracks U.S. stocks with a small market capitalization. The MSCI World (ex-U.S.) Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets excluding the U.S. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance of emerging markets. The U.S. Dollar Index (DXY) indicates the general international value of the dollar relative to a basket of major world currencies.

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Stocks In the New Millennium

5-Year Cumulative Total Returns (Domestic & Foreign Equity Indices)

Period	S&P 500	S&P MidCap 400	S&P SmallCap 600	MSCI Daily TR Net World ex-U.S. (USD)	MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets (USD)
2000-2004	-10.98%	57.73%	73.09%	-3.77%	23.65%
2001-2005	2.75%	51.09%	66.71%	27.16%	139.54%
2002-2006	35.03%	67.69%	80.14%	103.36%	225.03%
2003-2007	82.86%	111.81%	110.39%	171.57%	382.95%
2004-2008	-10.47%	-0.40%	4.48%	9.94%	44.65%
2005-2009	2.11%	17.46%	6.97%	22.07%	105.65%
2006-2010	11.99%	32.16%	25.48%	16.18%	82.44%
2007-2011	-1.24%	17.72%	10.10%	-18.86%	12.63%
2008-2012	8.59%	28.51%	28.46%	-15.99%	-4.49%
2009-2013	128.19%	169.04%	163.37%	80.12%	99.33%
2010-2014	105.14%	114.97%	121.81%	28.93%	9.22%
2011-2015	80.75%	66.06%	72.15%	14.75%	-21.83%
2012-2016	98.18%	104.03%	115.67%	34.29%	6.55%
2013-2017	108.14%	101.20%	109.94%	43.29%	23.72%
2014-2018	50.33%	34.01%	35.96%	1.71%	8.51%
2015-2019	73.86%	54.07%	57.85%	30.22%	31.39%
2016-2020	103.04%	79.00%	79.20%	44.49%	82.70%
2017-2021	133.41%	84.97%	79.58%	58.37%	60.14%
2018-2022	56.88%	38.34%	33.06%	9.29%	-6.79%
2019-2023	107.21%	81.15%	68.73%	50.03%	19.83%

Source: Bloomberg. Past Performance is no guarantee of future results.

View from the Observation Deck

Today's blog post features the cumulative total returns of five major equity indices (three domestic and two foreign) since the start of 2000. We chose to highlight 5-year rolling total returns in an effort smooth out intra-year volatility introduced by the significant number of challenging global events that transpired since 2000. We update this post on an annual basis. <u>Click here</u> to see our 2023 update to this topic.

Emerging markets equities clearly outperformed in the first decade covered in the table but have lagged the U.S. indices since. In the U.S., large-, mid-, and small-capitalization (cap) stocks have shared the spotlight dating back to 2007, with large-caps (S&P 500 Index) dominating all six of the last 5-year rolling periods. The dramatic shift in performance can be explained, in part, by trends in the price of the U.S. dollar. A weak U.S. dollar can boost returns for U.S. investors holding positions in unhedged foreign securities, and vice versa. From 2000-2009, the U.S. Dollar Index declined by 23.57% - a nice tailwind for foreign holdings. From 2010-2019, the index appreciated by 23.80% - a notable headwind for foreign holdings. During the current decade, spanning 2020-2023, the index rose 5.13% to a reading of 101.33, well above its 20-year average reading of 88.91.

The S&P 500 Index endured four bear markets (a price decline of 20% or more from a recent peak) since the start of this millennium. The four bear markets spanned the following dates: 3/24/00-10/9/02, 10/9/07-3/9/09, 2/19/20-3/23/20, and 1/3/22-10/12/22. During those time periods, the S&P 500 Index posted total returns of -47.38%, -55.22%, -33.79%, -24.50 and respectively, according to Bloomberg. Notably, despite suffering two bear markets over the past five years, the S&P 500 Index retained its spot as the top-performer in our table, posting a 5-year rolling total return of 107.21% for the period ended December 2023.

For additional context, the average annual total returns for the five equity indices from 12/31/99-12/29/23, were as follows (not shown in table): 7.03% (S&P 500); 9.48% (S&P MidCap 400); 9.54% (S&P SmallCap 600); 3.74% (MSCI Daily TR Net World ex-U.S. in USD); and 5.59% (MSCI Daily TR Net Emerging Markets in USD), according to Bloomberg.

Takeaway

The returns depicted in today's table offer a powerful reminder that the buy and hold strategy can still serve investors well. Despite rising geopolitical tensions, wars, government lockdowns, and two bear markets (in the S&P 500 Index), each of the indices in today's table reflect positive total returns over the most recent 5-year rolling period. While the S&P 500 Index has recently been a clear outlier, there is no way to predict what indices could outperform next. For those investors with extended time horizons, today's table may serve as an antidote to an overly myopic outlook regarding their equity holdings.

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